Using Two-Factor Authentication Configuration to Combat Cybersecurity Threats

Guidelines for Deploying Cisco IOS SSH with X.509v3 PIV and CAC Smartcards



......

CISCO



Contents	page
Introduction	3
Requirements	3
Resolved Bugs	4
Cisco IOS Software Configuration	4
SSH Client Setup	6
TACACS+ Authorization SetupCisco ACS 5.x Configuration (Option 1)Cisco ISE 2.0 Configuration (Option 2)Cisco IOS Configuration (Mandatory)	9 9 11 14
Troubleshooting	14
Commonly Used show Commands	14
Commonly Encountered Problems	15
IOS SSH server failed to validate the user certificate without the intermediate CA	15
Commonly Used debug Commands	16
Using Pragma Fortress Client Logging	16
Example Configuration	17
About Pragma Systems	18



Introduction

Cybersecurity threats continue to evolve, compromising sensitive and confidential information across the network. To combat this threat, enterprises are taking mitigating actions to strengthen device access across their critical IT infrastructure. Two-factor authentication can significantly reduce the risk of adversaries penetrating strategic networks and systems. This approach requires the use of a Personal Identity Verification (PIV) card or Common Access Card (CAC). In this document, we will detail the basic procedures required to enable two-factor authentication for the Secure Shell Protocol (SSH) using government-issued PIV or CAC cards.

Figure 1 illustrates this process.





Requirements

Table 1 shows the Cisco[®] product families that support the X.509v3 certificates for the SSH authentication feature. The versions of Cisco IOS[®] Software shown in the table, or later, are recommended. These releases include the bug fixes identified in the next section.

Table 1. Recommended Cisco IOS Software Releases

Product Family	Cisco IOS Software Release
Cisco Integrated Services Routers Generation 2 (ISR-G2) (1900, 2900, or 3900 Series)	Cisco IOS 15.5(3)M2 or later
Cisco ASR 1000 Series Aggregation Services Routers	Cisco IOS XE 3.16.2 S or later
Cisco 4000 Series ISRs	Cisco IOS XE 3.16.2 S or later
Cisco Cloud Services Router (CSR) 1000V Series	Cisco IOS XE 3.16.2 S or later
Cisco Catalyst [®] 2000, 3000, and 4000 Series Switches	Cisco IOS 15.2(4)E1 or later
Cisco Catalyst 3850 Series Switches	Cisco IOS XE 16.1.2 or later
Cisco Catalyst 3650 Series Switches	Cisco IOS XE 16.1.2 or later



Pragma Fortress CL SSH Client (version 5, build 10, rev 292 or later)

You can purchase or download a 14-day trial from http://www.pragmasys.com/ssh-client/download.

Department of Defense (DoD) CA certificates Note for DoD customers: You can obtain the CA certificate here: <u>http://dodpki.c3pki.chamb.disa.mil/rootca.html</u>

Cisco Identity Services Engine (ISE) 2.0 or Cisco Secure Access Control Server (ACS)

DoD CAC card or PIV card for civilian agencies

Smartcard reader

Resolved Bugs

The following defects have been resolved:

CSCuv89417: Cisco IOS SSH not prompting user PIN for verifying signature from client with X.509 certificate-based authentication.

CSCuw91205: PKI needs support for UPN extraction using OID.

Cisco IOS Software Configuration

1. Set up Network Time Protocol (NTP) with the proper time zone for the device This step is critical for the operation of the public key infrastructure (PKI).

```
service timestamps debug datetime msec localtime show-timezone
service timestamps log datetime msec localtime show-timezone
clock timezone EST -5 0
clock summer-time EDT recurring
ntp server 192.5.41.40
```

Configure PKI trustpoint for the certificate authority (CA). Specify the field from the user certificate that will be used as the SSH username that will pass to the TACACS server for authorization. The example below uses the common name from the subnet field for the username. The user principal name (UPN) from the Subject-Alternative name can also be used as a username for SSH login.

```
crypto pki trustpoint CA2
enrollment terminal
revocation-check none
authorization username subjectname commonname
```

 Manually authenticate and install the root CA's public certificate. It is not necessary to install the subordinate CA's certificate if the user's computer has the proper DoD certificate chain installed. See the Troubleshooting section for a screenshot example of the DoD certificate chain.

Router(config) #crypto pki authenticate CA2

Enter the base 64 encoded CA certificate. End with a blank line or the word "quit" on a line by itself



```
----BEGIN CERTIFICATE-----
MIIDcDCCAligAwIBAgIBBTANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADBbMQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzEY
MBYGA1UEChMPVS5TLiBHb3Z1cm5tZW50MQwwCgYDVQQLEwNEb0QxDDAKBgNVBAsT
...<snip>
tX3h4NGW56E6LcyxnR8FR02HmdNNGnA5wQQM5X7Z8a/XIA7xInolpH0ZzD+kByeW
qKKV7YK5Ft0eC4fCwfKI9WLfaN/HvGlR7bFc3FRUKQ8J0ZqsA8HbDE2ubwp6Fknx
v5HS0JTT9pUst2zJQraNypCNhdk=
-----END CERTIFICATE-----
Certificate has the following attributes:
Fingerprint MD5: 477892DB 8AEC1B53 68F01D00 9C34775E
Fingerprint SHA1: 8C941B34 EA1EA6ED 9AE2BC54 CF687252 B4C9B561
% Do you accept this certificate? [yes/no]: yes
Trustpoint CA certificate accepted.
% Certificate successfully imported
```

3. Generate RSA signing and encryption keys for the SSH server.

Router(config)#crypto key generate rsa modulus 2048 label SSH-RSA usage-keys The name for the keys will be: SSH-RSA

```
% The key modulus size is 2048 bits
% Generating 2048 bit RSA keys, keys will be non-exportable...
[OK] (elapsed time was 3 seconds)
% Generating 2048 bit RSA keys, keys will be non-exportable...
[OK] (elapsed time was 2 seconds)
```

4. Enable the SSH server and specify the RSA keys to be used for signing and encryption.

```
ip ssh rsa keypair-name SSH-RSA
ip ssh version 2
```

5. Specify the number of authentication retries and the timeout interval for the SSH server (optional).

```
ip ssh time-out 60
ip ssh authentication-retries 2
```

 Configure the Cisco IOS SSH server to verify the user's X.509v3 digital credential for two-factor authentication.

```
ip ssh server certificate profile
user
    trustpoint verify CA2
ip ssh server algorithm hostkey ssh-rsa
ip ssh server algorithm authentication publickey
ip ssh server algorithm publickey x509v3-ssh-rsa
```

7. Enable SSH for terminal line access, and enable X.509v3 validation.

```
aaa new-model
!
line vty 0 4
login
transport input ssh
```



SSH Client Setup

1. Start up the Pragma Fortress CL SSH client (FortressCL.exe), and enter the Site Name and Host Address. Select ssh2 as the protocol.

Site Manager			X
E CAC_SSH	CAC_SSH		
- Authentication - Logging - Keyboard	Site name:	CAC_SSH	
- Proxy - Telnet	Host address:	10.82.21.99	
- Terminal	Host Alias:		
⊞- Sindow	Protocol:	ssh2	
	Port:	22	
	Comment:		
	had Silver	Cruze L. Cruze	1
🔺 🔄 🞑 婉 🗆 Use Glo	obal Sites	Connect Cancel	Apply

2. Select Authentication from the left panel. Click SmartCard/CAC. Check the Fill UserID from SC box, and select the field (Common Name or Principal Name) to use as the user ID. <u>DO NOT check the Key</u> <u>Only box</u>. Click Connect.

Site Manager	X
 □- CAC_SSH Authentication Logging Keyboard Proxy Telnet Terminal ⊕ Ssh ⊕ Window 	Authentication Userid: <cquiled card="" from="" smart="">> Has domain Domain: Fill Userid From SC - Map: Common Name Fill Userid From SC - Map: Common Name Grassword Grassword</cquiled>
🔺 🗐 💽 🙌 🗂 Use G	C Public Key/Certificate C Key or Certificate from lile C Certificate from User Store



3. Select the proper user certificate from the CAC card in the popup window.



4. Enter the PIN associated with the smartcard credential.

Windows Security		
Microsoft Smart Card Provider Please enter your PIN.		
	PIN PIN Click here for more information	
	OK Cancel	



5. You are now at the router prompt.



6. (Optional) There are two settings that govern smartcard/CAC behavior. These settings are in the **Application Preferences** dialog, which can be invoked from the **Options** menu.

Application Preference	es	×
Show Site Manage	r on startup	
🔲 Run in FIPS Mode		
Auto Logon Settting	s	
Automatically st	artup with the following site:	
	v	
Logon prompt:	login	
Password prompt:	password	
Domain prompt:	domain	
- SmartCard Behavior		
Reset SmardCa	rd on successful connection (alway prompt for PIN)	
Disconnect ses	sion when smart card is removed	
🗖 Do not display auto	omatic dialog boxes	
(E.g., missing host start shell etc.)	key, refusal by server to	
	OK Cancel	



The two options are:

- 1. Reset SmartCard on successful connection (always prompt for PIN). This option will reset the smartcard after successfully connecting, clearing the PIN cache.
- 2. Disconnect session when smart card is removed. This option will monitor the smartcard and will disconnect the session if the card is removed.

These values can also be set by a domain policy, using the following registry value:

HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\ Pragma Systems\Pragma FortressCL\ Preferences\SCardReset	DWORD	1 - Enabled 0 - Disabled
HKEY_CURRENT_USER\SOFTWARE\ Pragma Systems\Pragma FortressCL\ Preferences\SCardMonitor	DWORD	1 - Enabled 0 - Disabled

TACACS+ Authorization Setup

This section includes ISE 2.0 and ACS 5.x authentication, authorization, and accounting (AAA) setup procedures. Choose from one of the options for AAA server setup, depending on the AAA method used.

Cisco ACS 5.x Configuration (Option 1)

The following procedures outline the ACS 5.x or later TACACS+ configuration to support PKI AAA integration for SSH login.

 Configure the TACACS+ authentication settings for a network device. In ACS, go to Network Resources > Network Device Groups > Network Devices and AAA Clients > Create. Enter the device information and shared secret.

etwork Resources >	Network Devices and AAA Clients > Create	
👩 Name:	ISR-Router	
Description:	ISR-Router	
Network Device	e Groups	
Location	All Locations	Select
Device Type	All Device Types	Select
IP Address Authentication Options		
 Single I 	P Address IP Subnets IP Range(s)	▼ TACACS+ 🗹
🜣 IP: 10.82.2	1.100	Shared Secret: Show

2. Create user identity groups for the various user groups. In ACS, go to Users and Identity Stores > Identity Groups > Create. Create a System Administration group.

Users and Identity Stores > Identity Groups > Create			
General			
👨 Name:	Sys_Admin		
Description:	Sys_Admin		
👨 Parent:	All Groups	Select	
Ø = Required fields			



3. Create the users and include them in the proper user identity group. In ACS, go to **Users and Identity Stores > Internal Identity Stores > Users > Create**. The Name field is case sensitive and must match the field from the certificate exactly (for example, the common name, UPN). The password configured for the username in the AAA server is irrelevant because TACACS supports authorization without requiring authentication (the password is used for authentication). Select the user group from the list previously configured for the user.

Users and Identity Stores > Internal Identity Stores > Users > Edit: "POOLE.JUSTIN.ALLEN.1241879298"			
General			
Name:	POOLE.JUSTIN.ALLEN.124 S	tatus: Enabled	C 🖸 🖸
Description:	Sys_Admin		
🔅 Identity Group:	All Groups:Sys_Admin		Select
Email Address:			
1.5.00			

 Define the shell profile for the System Administrator group. In ACS, go to Policy Elements > Authorization and Permissions > Device Administration > Shell Profiles > Create. Enter the Name. Under Common Tasks, set the Default Privilege and Maximum Privilege for the System Administrator profile.

Policy Elements > Authorization and Permissions > Device Administration > Shell Profiles > Create				
	General Common Tasks Custom Attributes			
	Privilege Level			
l	Default Privilege: Static ᅌ Value 15 ᅌ			
	Maximum Privilege: Static ᅌ Value 15 ᅌ			

5. Select the **Custom Attributes** tab, and add the following Cisco-av-pair to the profile: **"cert-application=all"**. This is needed for AAA integration with the PKI service to authorize the particular user or user group. The AV pairs must match the client configuration. If they do not match, the peer certificate is not authorized.

Policy Elements > Authorization and Permissions > Device Administration > Shell Profiles > Create				
ſ	General Common Tasks	Custom Attributes		
Common Tasks Attributes				
	Attribute	Requirement	Value	
	Assigned Privilege Level	Mandatory	15	
	Max Privilege Level	Mandatory	15	
	Manually Entered			
Attribute Requirement Value			Value	
	cert-application	Mandatory	all	



6. Create the device authorization policy for the System Administrator group. In ACS, go to Access Policies > Access Services > Default Device Admin > Authorization > Create. Name the rule, reference the identity group previously created, select the System Administrator shell profile, and select or create the command set required

General						
Name: Sys_Adn	nin	Statu	s: Ena	bled	۲ 🕒	
		mize button in t litions and rest				
Conditions						
🗹 Identity Grou	ıp:	in	٢	All Groups	:Sys_Admin	Select
NDG:Locatio	NDG:Location: -ANY-					
NDG:Device	NDG:Device Type: -ANY-					
Time And Da	ate:	-ANY-				
Results						
Shell Profile:	Sys_A	dmin_Profile		Se	ect	
Command Sets:						
Field can not be e	empty.					
Permit						

Cisco ISE 2.0 Configuration (Option 2)

The following procedures outline the ISE 2.0 or later TACACS+ configuration to support PKI AAA integration for SSH login.

Enable TACACS+ operation on the ISE 2.0 server. Go to the Administration > System > Deployment
 > General Settings page and check the Enable Device Admin Service check box. Click Save to save the configuration.

cisco Iden	tity Services f	Engine H	Home • C	perations + Po	icy Fuest	Access •A	dministration	Work Centers
	Identity Ma	nagement +	Network Reso	urces + Device P	ortal Management	pxGrid Serv	ices + Feed S	Service
Deploymen	t Licensing	Certificates	Logging	 Maintenance 	Upgrade Back	kup & Restore	Admin Acce	ess > Settings
Deploymen Deploym Control Cont	t Licensing ment		▶ Logging	Maintenance Populoyment Mode California General Scittory Personas Administration Monitoring Policy Service	Upgrade Back	kup & Restore	Admin Acce	* Settings Make Primary Other Monitoring Node
					Include Node i	in Node Group	None	* (I)
				🗹 Enabl	e Profiling Service			
				C Enab	e SXP Service	Use Interface	GigabitEtherne	e 0 🔹 🐨
				✓ Enable	e Device Admin Se	ervice	Ð	
				Enable	e Identity Mapping	1	۵.	
				D pxGrid (1)				
				Save Reset				



 Configure the TACACS+ authentication settings for a network device. Go to Work Centers > Device Administration > Network Resources > Network Devices > Add > TACACS+ Authentication Settings. Enter the device information and shared secret.

dentity Services Engine	Home Operations Policy Guest Access Administration Work Centers
TrustSec TrustSec	
Overview Identities User Identity	Groups Network Resources Network Device Groups Policy Conditions Policy Results Policy Sets Reports Settings
Network Devices	Network Devices List > New Network Device
Default Devices	Network Devices
TACACS External Servers	* Name 3945-A
TACACS Server Sequence	Description
	* IP Address: 10.82 21.100 / 32
	Device Profile Model Name T Software Version T Software Version T Software Version Soft.To.Default. Device Type All Device Types Soft.To.Default. Device Type All Device Types Soft.To.Default. HADUUS Authentication Settings
	TACACS- Authentication Settings Shared Secret Shared Secret Shared Secret Conset Mode Conset Mode Conset Compliance Single Connect Support TACACS- Draft Compliance Single Connect Support
	SNMP Settings
	Advanced TrustSec Settings

 Define the TACACS+ profile for System Administrator. Go to Work Centers > Device Administration > Policy Results > TACACS Profiles > Add. Enter the Name and the Default Privilege and Maximum Privilege for the System Administrator profile.

On the same page, under **Custom Attributes**, add the following Cisco-av-pair to the profile: **"cert-application=all"**. This is needed for AAA integration with the PKI service to authorize the particular user or user group. The AV pairs must match the client configuration. If they do not match, the peer certificate is not authorized.

dentity Services Engine	Home	y Guest Access	Administration	Work Centers	
TrustSec Device Administration	1				
Overview Identities User Iden	tity Groups Network Resources N	etwork Device Groups	Policy Conditions	Policy Results Policy Sets Report	s Settings
8	TACACS Profile				
TACACS Command Sets		Name PRIVILEGE	_LEVEL_15		
TACACS Profiles	0.	cription Sys Admin	Drafile		
	De	scription Sys Admin	Prome		
	Task Attribute View	Raw View			
	Common Tasks				
				7	
	Default Privilege	1	0	(Select 0 to 15)	
	Maximum Privilege	15	٢	(Select 0 to 15)	
	Access Control List		0]	
	Auto Command		0]	
	No Escape	[0	(Select true or false)	
	Timeout	[0	1	
	Idle Time	[0	1	
	Custom Attributes				
	+ Add 📋 Trash 🕶 🖸 E	dit			0-
	Туре	Name	Value		
	No data found.				
	Mandatory	cert-application	all	ש	× ×
	Plandatory	cen-application	an	~	
					Cancel Submit



Create user identity groups for the various user groups. Go to Work Centers > Device Administration
 > User Identity Groups > Add. Add the user groups for role-based access; for example, System Admin, Helpdesk, and more.

den Iden	ity Services	Engine	Home	 Operations 	Policy	Guest Access	Administration	✓ Work Centers			
TrustSec	✓ Device A	dministration									
Overview	Identities	User Identity	Groups	Network Resource	ces Netw	vork Device Groups	Policy Conditions	 Policy Results 	Policy Sets	Reports	Settings
			م ڇ-	User Identity Identity (* Nam Descriptio Submit	e System	w User Identity Grou Admin Administrator Group	90				

5. Create the member users and include them in the proper user identity group. Go to **Work Centers > Device Administration > Identities > Users**. The Name field is case sensitive and must match the field from the certificate exactly (for example, the common name, UPN). The password configured for the username in the AAA server is irrelevant because TACACS supports authorization without requiring authentication (the password is used for authentication). Select the user group from the list previously configured for the user.

diala cisco	Identi	ity Services	Engine	Home	Operations	► Poli	icy (Guest Access	Administration	- Work Centers			
→ Tri	ustSec	- Device A	dministration										
Over	view	- Identities	User Identity	Groups	Network Res	sources M	Network	Device Groups	Policy Conditions	Policy Results	Policy Sets	Reports	Settings
			0	Nature	rk Access Users Li	at > Name N	aturati	Access lines					
Users					letwork Acces		etwork /	Access User					
				- 1	lame SHIN.DA	NIEL.H.1396	6208224				1		
					tatus 🔽 Enal								
						oled •							
					Email								
				*	Passwords								
						Password			Re-Enter Password				
					Login Password	•••••	•		•••••		Ð		
				E	nable Password	•••••	•		•••••		Ð		
				*	User Informa	tion							
				F	irst Name Dan	iel							
				L	ast Name Shir	1							
				*	Account Optic	ons							
						Descriptio	on						
				C	change password	I on next log	pin 🗆						
				*	User Groups								
				1	System_Admin		¢	2-+					
				Su	bmit Cancel								

6. Add TACACS policy for the user group defined. Go to Work Centers > Device Administration > Policy Sets > Default > Authorization Policy > Exceptions > Create a New Rule. Enter the name of the rule (for example, System_Admin), select a condition (User Identity Group > System_Admin), and then select shell profiles (e.g. PRIVILEGE_LEVEL_15). Click the Save button at the bottom of the page.

dentity Services Engine Home	Operations Policy Guest Access Administration Work Centers	
TrustSec Tevice Administration		
Overview Identities User Identity Groups	Network Resources Network Device Groups Policy Conditions Policy Results Policy Sets Reports Settings	
Policy Sets Sarch polory names & descriptions. Policy Policy and Policy and Policy Alter of a deve policy Summary of Policies Alter of a deve policy Global Exceptions Folds across deve polynemet Policy Default Takas, Orland	Defect the Policy Sets by conduction which based on conditions. Drag and drag sets on the kit Mand sets to change the order. For Mand Loop Mand L	
Save Order Reset Order	Authorization Policy Exceptions (1) Lead Exceptions Status Rus Status	Done
	Global Exceptions - None Standard Status Rule Name Conditions (identity croups and other conditions) Command Sets Shell Profiles	
	Status Rule Name Conditions (identity groups and other conditions) Command Sets Shell Profiles Image: Tacacs_Default If no matches, then DenyAllCommands Shell Profiles Shell Profiles	Edit 👻



Cisco IOS Configuration (Mandatory)

1. Add the TACACS+ server and provision the shared secret and IP address of the TACACS+ server.

```
tacacs server ACS
address ipv4 172.25.180.117
key cisco123
```

 Configure TACACS+ for user authorization. TACACS+ uses the AAA architecture, which separates the authentication, authorization, and accounting functions. This allows separate authentication solutions that can still use TACACS+ for authorization and accounting. In this case, with TACACS+, we are using PKI for user credential validation and TACACS+ for authorization and accounting.

```
aaa group server tacacs+ ACS
  server name ACS
!
aaa authorization config-commands
aaa authorization exec ACS group tacacs+
aaa authorization commands 0 ACS group tacacs+ if-authenticated
aaa authorization commands 1 ACS group tacacs+ if-authenticated
aaa authorization commands 15 ACS group tacacs+ if-authenticated
aaa authorization network ACS group tacacs+
aaa authorization configuration ACS group tacacs+
```

3. Enable authorization on the PKI trustpoint CA for the user certificate.

```
crypto pki trustpoint CA2
authorization list ACS
```

Troubleshooting

Commonly Used show Commands Verify the status of the SSH server.

show ip ssh

```
Router#sh ip ssh

SSH Enabled - version 2.0

Authentication methods:publickey

Authentication Publickey Algorithms:x509v3-ssh-rsa

Hostkey Algorithms:x509v3-ssh-rsa,ssh-rsa

Encryption Algorithms:aes128-ctr,aes192-ctr,aes256-ctr,aes128-cbc,3des-

cbc,aes192-cbc,aes256-cbc

MAC Algorithms:hmac-sha1,hmac-sha1-96

Authentication timeout: 60 secs; Authentication retries: 2

Minimum expected Diffie Hellman key size : 1024 bits

IOS Keys in SECSH format(ssh-rsa, base64 encoded): SSH-RSA

ssh-rsa
```

Verify that the certificate for the root CA (CA2) is properly installed. show crypto pki certificates

```
Router#show crypto pki certificates
CA Certificate
Status: Available
Certificate Serial Number (hex): 05
Certificate Usage: Signature
Issuer:
cn=DoD Root CA 2
```

Improperly Configured Certificate Chain

ou=PKI ou=DoD o=U.S. Government c=US Subject: cn=DoD Root CA 2 ou=PKI ou=DoD o=U.S. Government c=US Validity Date: start date: 10:00:10 EST Dec 13 2004 end date: 10:00:10 EST Dec 5 2029 Associated Trustpoints: CA2

Commonly Encountered Problems

. 1 | 1 . 1 | 1 .

cisco

IOS SSH server failed to validate the user certificate without the intermediate CA

The issue is that the workstation has an improperly configured certificate chain. When the PKI CA certificates are not properly installed in the correct locations on the workstation, Microsoft CryptoAPI (CAPI) will attempt to build a path to a known issuer (such as Common Policy) and will automatically install cross-certificates obtained during path processing into the user trust store. This will cause the wrong certificate chain to be sent to the Cisco IOS SSH server and will result in the failed certificate validation. Figure 2 shows examples of correct and incorrect certificate chains.

Figure 2. Correct and Incorrect Certificate Chains

Correctly Installed DoD Certificate Chain

Certification path	General Details Certification Path					
DOD CA-20	Certification path Common Policy Entrust DoD Interoperability Root CA 1 DoD Root CA 2 DOD CA-20 JEFFERS.DANIEL.JOHN.1164730588					
Yew Certificate	Yiew Certificate					
This certificate is OK.	Certificate gtatus:					
earn more about <u>certification paths</u>	This CA Root certificate is not trusted because it is not in the Trusted Root Certification Authorities store.					
OK	Learn more about <u>certification paths</u>					

Commonly Used debug Commands

debug crypto pki callbacks

- debug crypto pki messages
- debug crypto pki transactions
- debug crypto pki validation
- debug ip ssh detail

.1 1.1 1.

CISCO

- debug ip ssh packet
- debug tacacs authentication
- debug tacacs authorization
- debug tacacs events

debug tacacs packet

Using Pragma Fortress Client Logging

- 1. The Pragma client has an SSH logging capability that allows you to see the SSH packet interchange with a server in the clear. Click Logging to enable.
- 2. Check Enable Logging.
- 3. Click Log ssh packets, and set the log filename.
- 4. Click Apply.

Site Manager	X
 □- dCloud_ASA —Authentication —Logging —Keyboard —Proxy —Telnet —Terminal ⊕-Ssh ⊕-Window ⊕-dCloud_ISE ⊕-dCloud_telnet ⊕-Hendon_JSR-G2 ⊕-ISR4K-2FA ⊕-ISRG2-2FA 	Logging ✓ Enable Logging C Printable output C All session output ✓ Log ssh packets Log file options File name: C:\Users\tulledge\Documents\ssh_log_2015 C Overwrite if file exists ④ Append if file exists ⑥ Prompt for action
📥 🗐 🚰 婉 🗆 Use Globa	al Sites Connect Cancel Apply



Example Configuration

```
service timestamps debug datetime msec localtime show-timezone
service timestamps log datetime msec localtime show-timezone
aaa new-model
!
aaa group server tacacs+ ACS
 server name ACS
!
aaa authorization config-commands
aaa authorization exec ACS group tacacs+
aaa authorization commands 0 ACS group tacacs+ if-authenticated
aaa authorization commands 1 ACS group tacacs+ if-authenticated
aaa authorization commands 15 ACS group tacacs+ if-authenticated
aaa authorization network ACS group tacacs+
aaa authorization configuration ACS group tacacs+
clock timezone EST -5 0
clock summer-time EDT recurring
1
crypto pki trustpoint CA2
 enrollment terminal
 revocation-check none
 authorization list ACS
 authorization username subjectname commonname
!
crypto pki certificate chain CA2
 certificate ca 05
1
ip ssh time-out 60
ip ssh authentication-retries 2
ip ssh rsa keypair-name SSH-RSA
ip ssh version 2
ip ssh server certificate profile
 user
    trustpoint verify CA2
ip ssh server algorithm hostkey ssh-rsa
ip ssh server algorithm authentication publickey
ip ssh server algorithm publickey x509v3-ssh-rsa
1
tacacs server ACS
 address ipv4 172.25.180.117
 key cisco123
!
line vty 0 4
 login
 transport input ssh
!
ntp server 192.5.41.40
```



About Pragma Systems

Pragma Systems Inc. is a leading provider of enterprise-class remote access and secure file transfer software for Microsoft Windows platforms and is a Microsoft Gold Certified Partner. Pragma is an industry leader of SSH, SFTP, SCP, and Telnet technologies. Pragma's SSH product line has FIPS 140-2 (certificate #1500), U.S. DoD UCAPL, and U.S. Army TIC lab certifications. Pragma offers its services to build secure infrastructure, data centers, mobile, cloud, and IT delivery solutions for government and corporate enterprises. Pragma's software solution is deployed in the majority of Fortune 500 companies in the United States and in over 4500 companies worldwide in 70 countries, with millions of licensed nodes. To learn more, visit www.pragmasys.com.